

Value at Risk

Portfolio variance for 2 asset portfolio (total risk) = $w_A^2\sigma_A^2 + w_B^2\sigma_B^2 + 2w_Aw_B\text{Cov}(A, B)$

Portfolio variance for 2 asset portfolio (total risk) = $w_A^2\sigma_A^2 + w_B^2\sigma_B^2 + 2w_Aw_B\sigma_A\sigma_B\rho_{A,B}$

Asset returns follow a normal distribution?

Expected return of a portfolio:

$$E(R_{P,T}) = E(R_P) \times T$$

Standard deviation of a portfolio:

$$\sigma_{P,T} = \sigma_P \times \sqrt{T}$$

Suppose a portfolio has an annual standard deviation of 30 percent. What is the monthly standard deviation? The weekly standard deviation? The two year standard deviation?

$$\sigma_{\text{Monthly}} = .30 \times \sqrt{1/12} = 8.66\%$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Weekly}} = .30 \times \sqrt{1/52} = 0.58\%$$

$$\sigma_{2\text{-year}} = .30 \times \sqrt{2} = 42.43\%$$

Note, the variance is multiplied by T. In the above example, the 2-year variance is:

$$\sigma^2 = .30^2 = .09$$

$$\sigma_{2\text{-year}}^2 = .09(2) = .18$$

$$\sigma_{2\text{-year}} = \sqrt{.18} = 42.43\%$$

Value at risk:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Prob}[R_{p,T} \leq E(R_p) \times T - 2.326\sigma_p\sqrt{T}] &= 1\% \\ \text{Prob}[R_{p,T} \leq E(R_p) \times T - 1.96\sigma_p\sqrt{T}] &= 2.5\% \\ \text{Prob}[R_{p,T} \leq E(R_p) \times T - 1.645\sigma_p\sqrt{T}] &= 5\%\end{aligned}$$

A portfolio has an annual return of 15 percent with an annual return standard deviation of 50 percent.

What loss level can we expect over a two-year investment horizon with a probability of .17?

We assume a two-year expected return of 30 percent. The 2-year standard deviation is $.50\sqrt{2} = .7071$, or 70.71 percent. A loss probability of .17 corresponds to one standard deviation below the mean, so the answer to our question is $.30 - .7071 = -.4071$, or

$$\text{Prob}(R_p \leq -40.71\%) = 17\%$$

What loss level can we expect over the next six months with a probability of .17?

The six-month expected return is half of 15 percent, or 7.5 percent. The six-month standard deviation is $.5\sqrt{1/2} = .3536$. So the answer to our question is $.075 - .3536 = -.2786$, or

$$\text{Prob}(R_p \leq -27.86\%) = 17\%$$

What is the expected loss over the next year with a 5 percent probability?

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Prob}[R_{p,1} \leq E(R_p) \times T - 1.645\sigma_p\sqrt{T}] &= 5\% \\ \text{Prob}[R_{p,1} \leq 15\% \times 1 - 1.645(.50)\sqrt{1}] &= 5\% \\ \text{Prob}[R_{p,1} \leq -67.25\%] &= 5\%\end{aligned}$$

What is the expected loss over the month with a 1 percent probability?

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Prob}[R_{p,1/12} \leq E(R_p) \times T - 2.326\sigma_p\sqrt{T}] &= 1\% \\ \text{Prob}[R_{p,1/12} \leq 15\% \times 1/12 - 2.326(.50)\sqrt{1/12}] &= 1\% \\ \text{Prob}[R_{p,1/12} \leq -32.32\%] &= 1\%\end{aligned}$$